

27.718 interviews
30 / 05 > 08 / 06 / 2015

1.051 interviews
30 / 05 > 08 / 06 / 2015

Methodology: face-to-face

Hungary

May - June 2015

1. COUNTRY HIGHLIGHTS

Nearly three-quarters of respondents in Hungary think climate change is a “very serious” problem (73%), above the EU average (69%). When compared with other problems, 14% identify it as the most serious problem facing the world (close to the EU average of 15%), a rise of four percentage points since 2013.

Almost half of the respondents think business and industry are responsible for tackling climate change (49%, compared with the EU average of 35%).

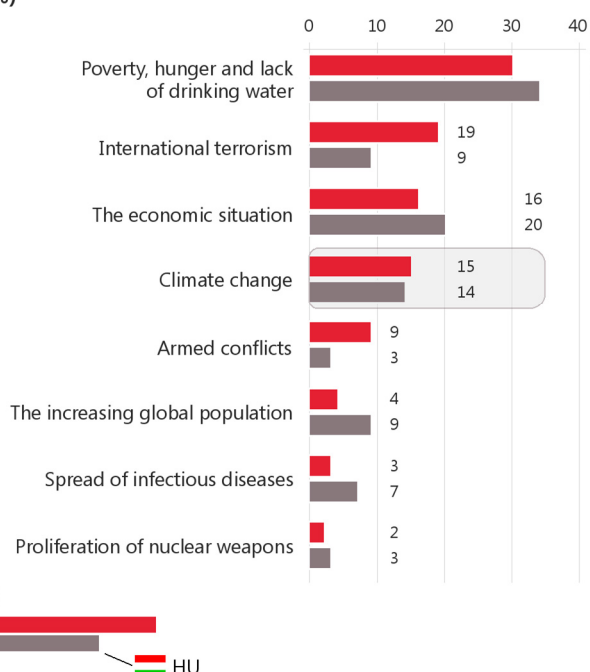
Respondents in Hungary are slightly more likely than average to say they have personally taken some action to fight climate change in the past six months (52%). When presented with a list of specific measures, the figure is even higher (88%). Practical measures include:

- Trying to reduce waste and regularly separate it for recycling (58%, +8 percentage points since 2013)
- Trying to cut down consumption of disposable items whenever possible (52%, +5 percentage points since 2013)
- Buying locally produced and seasonal food whenever possible (33%, +8 percentage points since 2013)

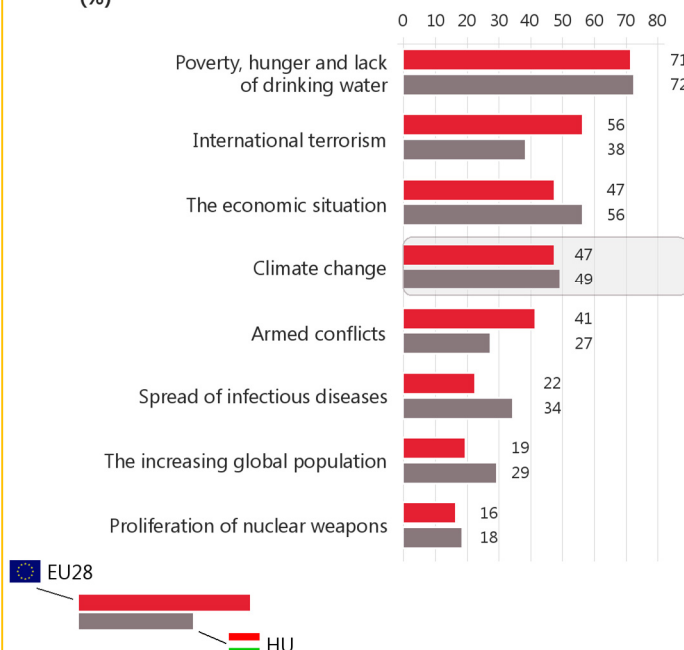
More than nine in ten respondents (94%) agree that fighting climate change will only be effective if all countries of the world act together.

2. EUROPEAN PERCEPTIONS OF CLIMATE CHANGE 1/2

QA1a Which of the following do you consider to be the single most serious problem facing the world as a whole?
(%)



QA1T Which of the following do you consider to be the single most serious problem facing the world as a whole? Which others do you consider to be serious problems? (MAX. 4 ANSWERS)
(%)



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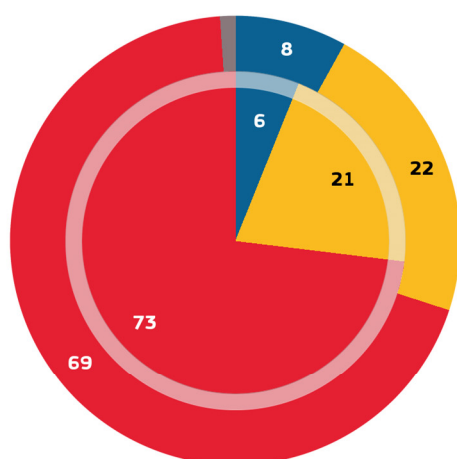
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3. EUROPEAN PERCEPTIONS OF CLIMATE CHANGE 2/2

QA2 And how serious a problem do you think climate change is at this moment? Please use a scale from 1 to 10, with '1' meaning it is "not at all a serious problem" and '10' meaning it is "an extremely serious problem".

(%)



- Total 'Not a serious problem' (1-4)
- Total 'A fairly serious problem' (5-6)
- Total 'A very serious problem' (7-10)
- Don't know

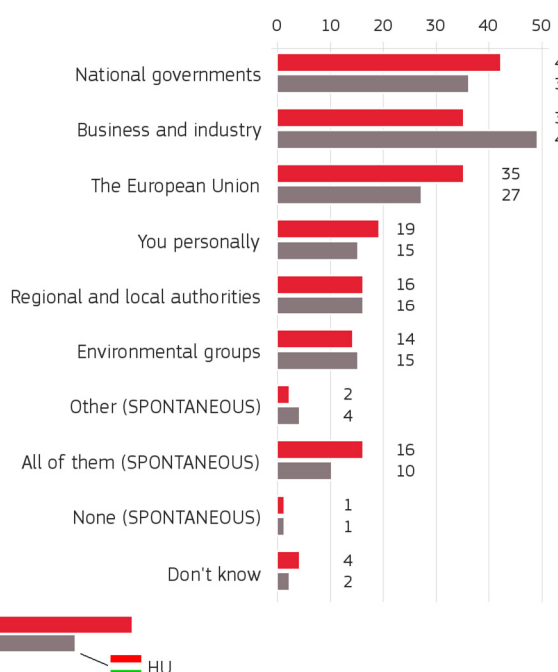
EU28		HU	
2015	2015-2013	2015	2015-2013
8	- 1	6	=
22	+ 1	21	+ 8
69	=	73	- 7
1	=	0	- 1

EU28  Outer pie HU  Inner pie

4. TAKING ACTION ON CLIMATE CHANGE 1/2

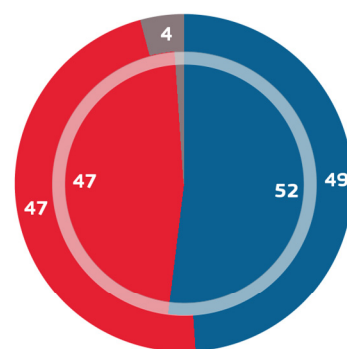
QA3 In your opinion, who within the EU is responsible for tackling climate change? (MULTIPLE ANSWERS POSSIBLE)

(%)



QA5 Have you personally taken any action to fight climate change over the past six months?

(%)



EU28  Outer pie HU  Inner pie

EU28		HU	
2015	2015-2013	2015	2015-2013
49	- 1	52	+ 3
47	+ 1	47	+ 1
4	=	1	- 4

- Yes
- No
- Don't know

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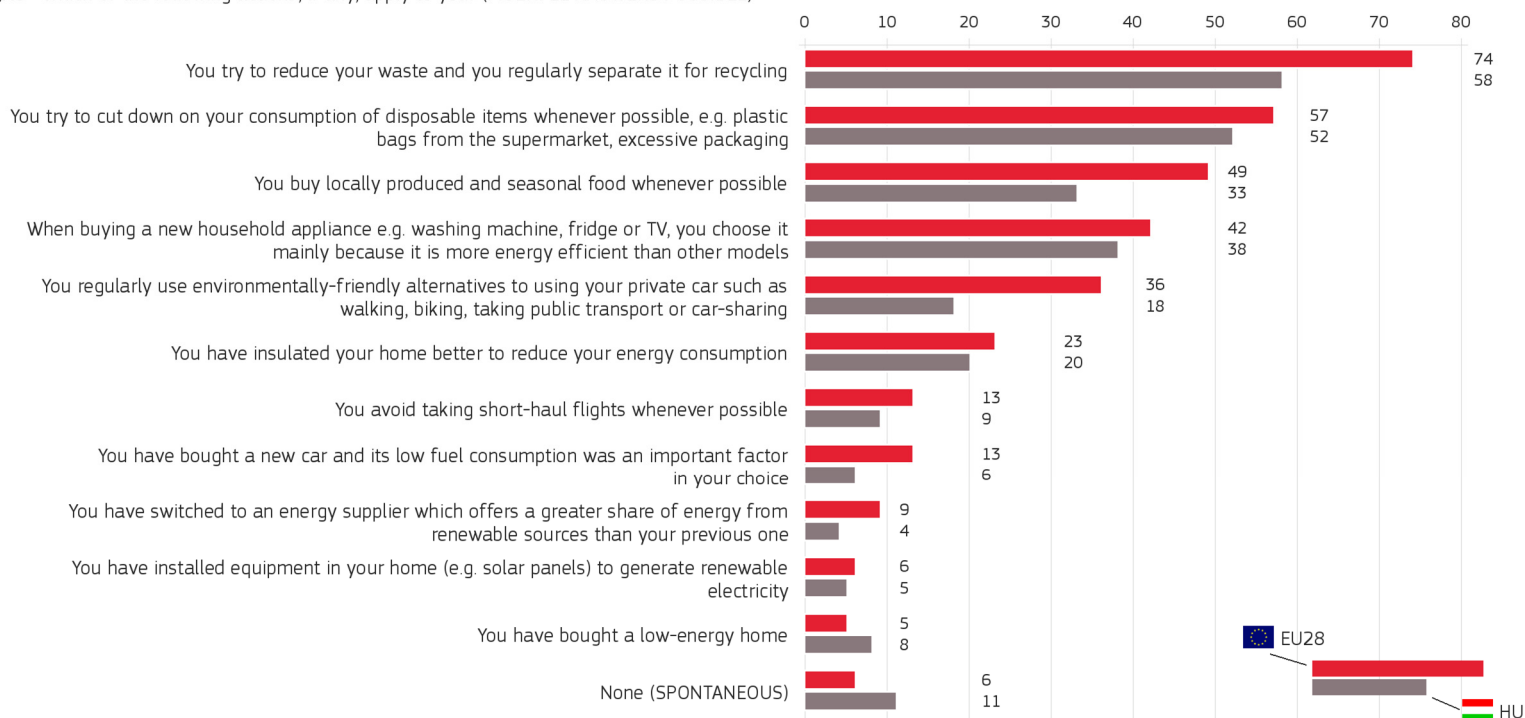
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5. TAKING ACTION ON CLIMATE CHANGE 2/2

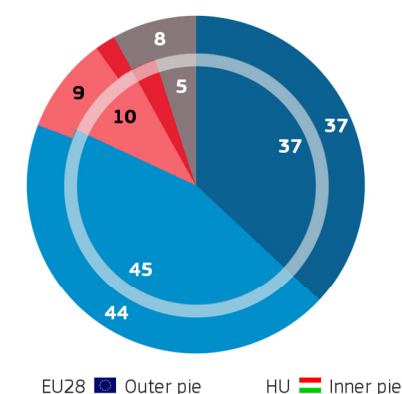
QA6 Which of the following actions, if any, apply to you? (MULTIPLE ANSWERS POSSIBLE)



6. ATTITUDES TO FIGHTING CLIMATE CHANGE

QA4.1 To what extent do you agree or disagree with each of the following statements?

Fighting climate change and using energy more efficiently can boost the economy and jobs in the EU (%)

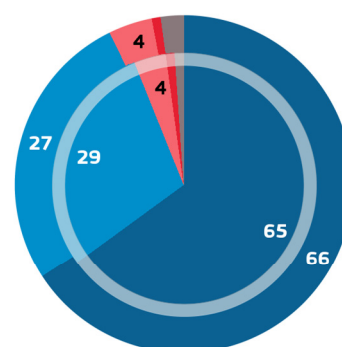


EU28 Outer pie HU Inner pie

	EU28		HU	
	2015	2015-2013	2015	2015-2013
Totally agree	37	+ 6	37	+ 12
Tend to agree	44	- 5	45	- 9
Tend to disagree	9	- 2	10	- 3
Totally disagree	2	- 1	3	=
Don't know	8	+ 2	5	=

QA4.2 To what extent do you agree or disagree with each of the following statements?

Fighting climate change will only be effective if all countries of the world act together (%)



EU28 Outer pie HU Inner pie

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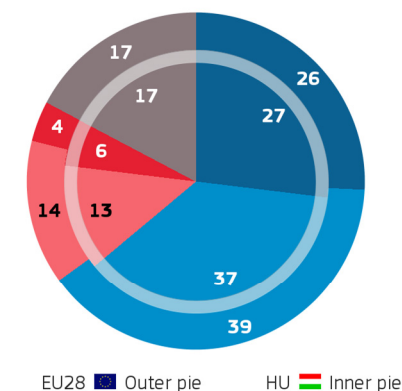
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7. ATTITUDES TO REDUCING FOSSIL FUEL IMPORTS

QA4.3 To what extent do you agree or disagree with each of the following statements?

Reducing fossil fuel imports from outside the EU can benefit the EU economically (%)

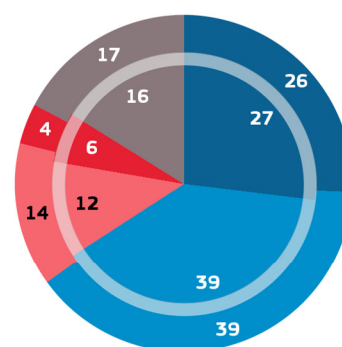


EU28 ■ Outer pie HU ■ Inner pie

	EU28		HU	
	2015	2015-2013	2015	2015-2013
Totally agree	26	=	27	+ 5
Tend to agree	39	- 5	37	- 9
Tend to disagree	14	=	13	- 1
Totally disagree	4	=	6	+ 3
Don't know	17	+ 5	17	+ 2

QA4.4 To what extent do you agree or disagree with each of the following statements?

Reducing fossil fuel imports from outside the EU can increase the security of EU energy supplies (%)

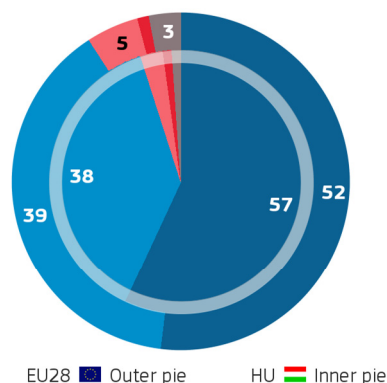


● Totally agree
 ● Tend to agree
 ● Tend to disagree
 ● Totally disagree
 ● Don't know

EU28 ■ Outer pie HU ■ Inner pie

8. LOOKING TO THE FUTURE

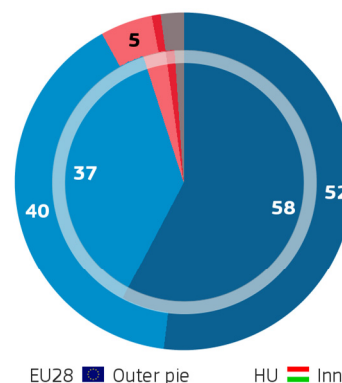
QA7 How important do you think it is that the (NATIONALITY) government sets targets to increase the amount of renewable energy used, such as wind or solar power, by 2030? (%)



EU28 ■ Outer pie HU ■ Inner pie

	EU28		HU	
	2015	2015-2013	2015	2015-2013
Very important	52	+ 3	57	+ 2
Fairly important	39	- 2	38	- 1
Not very important	5	- 1	3	- 1
Not at all important	1	- 1	1	=
Don't know	3	+ 1	1	=

QA8 How important do you think it is that the (NATIONALITY) government provides support for improving energy efficiency by 2030 (e.g. by encouraging people to insulate their home or purchase low energy light bulbs)? (%)



EU28 ■ Outer pie HU ■ Inner pie

	EU28		HU	
	2015	2015-2013	2015	2015-2013
Very important	52	+ 1	58	+ 2
Fairly important	40	- 1	37	- 1
Not very important	5	=	3	- 1
Not at all important	1	=	1	=
Don't know	2	=	1	=