

27.655 interviews
09 > 26 / 04 / 2019

1.053 interviews
09 > 22 / 04 / 2019

Methodology: face-to-face

1. COUNTRY HIGHLIGHTS

Two thirds of respondents in Romania see climate change as a 'very serious' problem (66% vs the EU average of 79%). The proportion who think it is the single most serious problem facing the world is well below average (11% vs the EU average of 23%).

There is a significant increase of nine percentage points (pp) since 2017, in the number of respondents who say that they have taken personal action to fight climate change in the past six months (29%, though this remains well below the EU average of 60%). When given specific examples of climate actions the proportion rises sharply to almost eight in ten (79%, though is still lower than the EU average of 93%).

- More than one third of respondents try to cut down their use of disposable items, an increase of six pp since 2017 (35%, as opposed to the EU average of 62%).

- Roughly a quarter (24%, equal to the EU average) have insulated their home to reduce energy consumption.

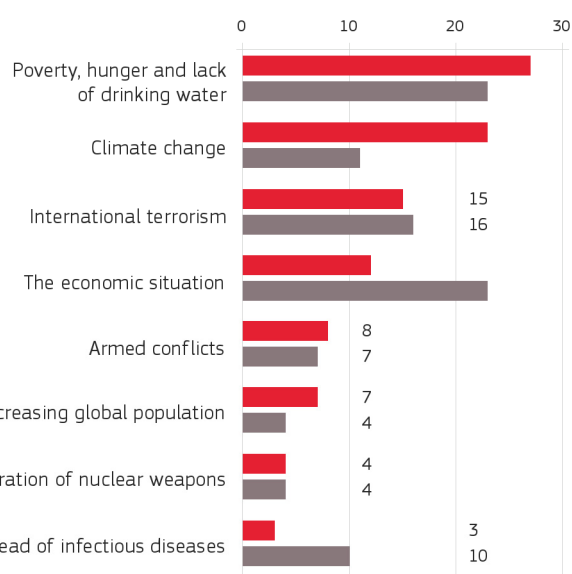
More than seven in ten agree that reducing fossil fuel imports can increase energy security and benefit the EU economically (72%, equal to the EU average). More than eight in ten agree that more public financial support should be given to the transition to clean energies (82%, a 12 pp increase to just below the EU average of 84%).

The proportion who agree that adapting to the adverse impacts of climate change can have positive outcomes for citizens is 69%, almost equal to the EU average of 70%.

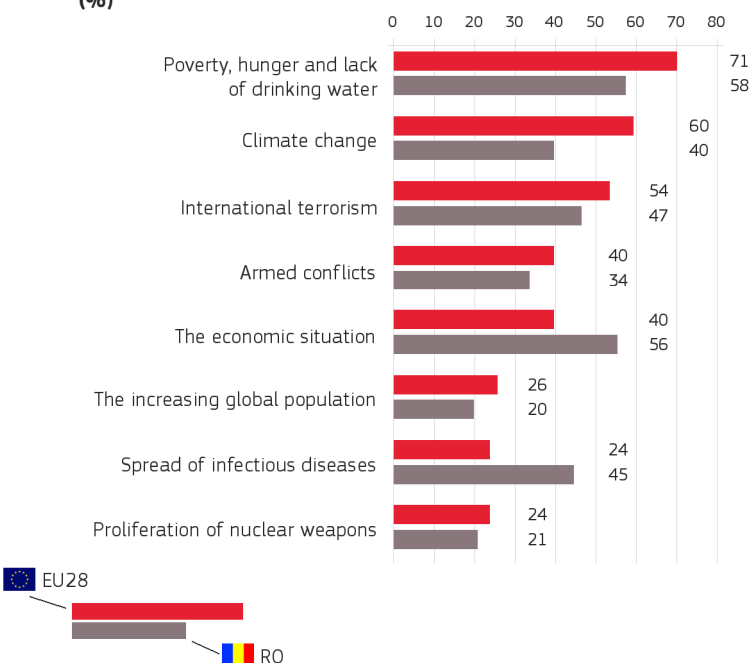
More than eight in ten think it is important for their government to set targets to increase the use of renewable energy by 2030 (84%, an increase of two pp since 2017, but less than the EU average of 92%), and provide support for improving energy efficiency by 2030 (85%, also a two pp increase since 2017, though still lower than the EU average of 89%). Most importantly, a large majority (86%) of respondents support the aim of a climate-neutral EU by 2050, though this is below the EU average of 92%.

2. EUROPEAN PERCEPTIONS OF CLIMATE CHANGE 1/2

QB1a Which of the following do you consider to be the single most serious problem facing the world as a whole?
(%)



QB1T Which of the following do you consider to be the single most serious problem facing the world as a whole? Which others do you consider to be serious problems? (MAX. 4 ANSWERS)
(%)



27.655 interviews
09 > 26 / 04 / 2019

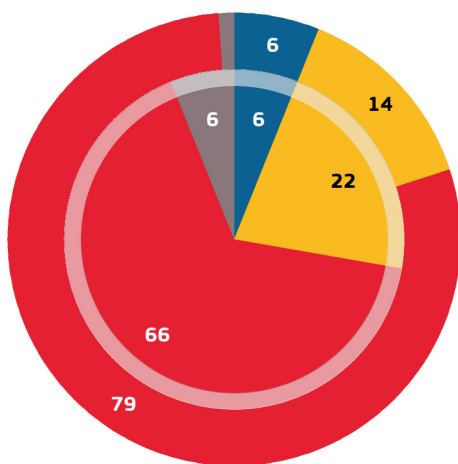
1.053 interviews
09 > 22 / 04 / 2019

Methodology: face-to-face

3. EUROPEAN PERCEPTIONS OF CLIMATE CHANGE 2/2

QB2 And how serious a problem do you think climate change is at this moment? Please use a scale from 1 to 10, with '1' meaning it is "not at all a serious problem" and '10' meaning it is "an extremely serious problem".

(%)



EU28  Outer pie

RO  Inner pie

● Total 'Not a serious problem' (1-4)

● Total 'A fairly serious problem' (5-6)

● Total 'A very serious problem' (7-10)

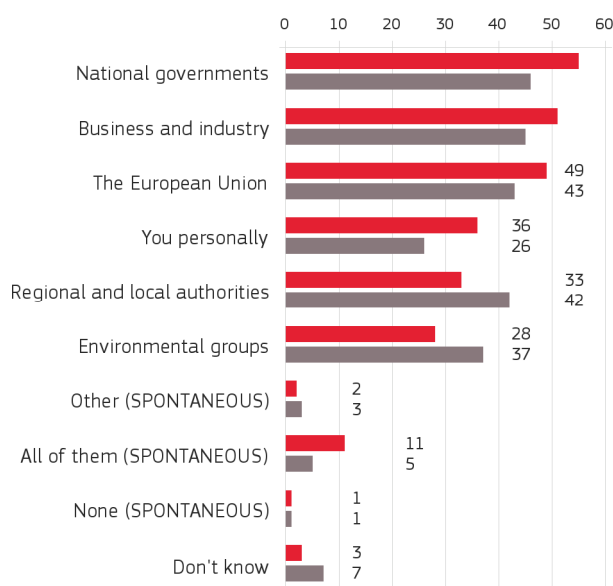
● Don't know

EU28		RO	
2019	2019-2017	2019	2019-2017
6	=	6	- 2
14	- 4	22	- 1
79	+ 5	66	- 1
1	- 1	6	+ 4

4. TAKING ACTION ON CLIMATE CHANGE 1/2

QB3 In your opinion, who within the EU is responsible for tackling climate change? (MULTIPLE ANSWERS POSSIBLE)

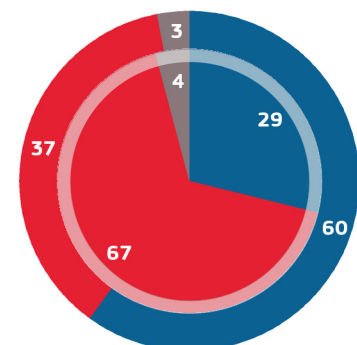
(%)



EU28   RO

QB5 Have you personally taken any action to fight climate change over the past six months?

(%)



EU28  Outer pie

RO  Inner pie

● Yes

● No

● Don't know

EU28		RO	
2019	2019-2017	2019	2019-2017
60	+ 11	29	+ 9
37	- 10	67	- 10
3	- 1	4	+ 1

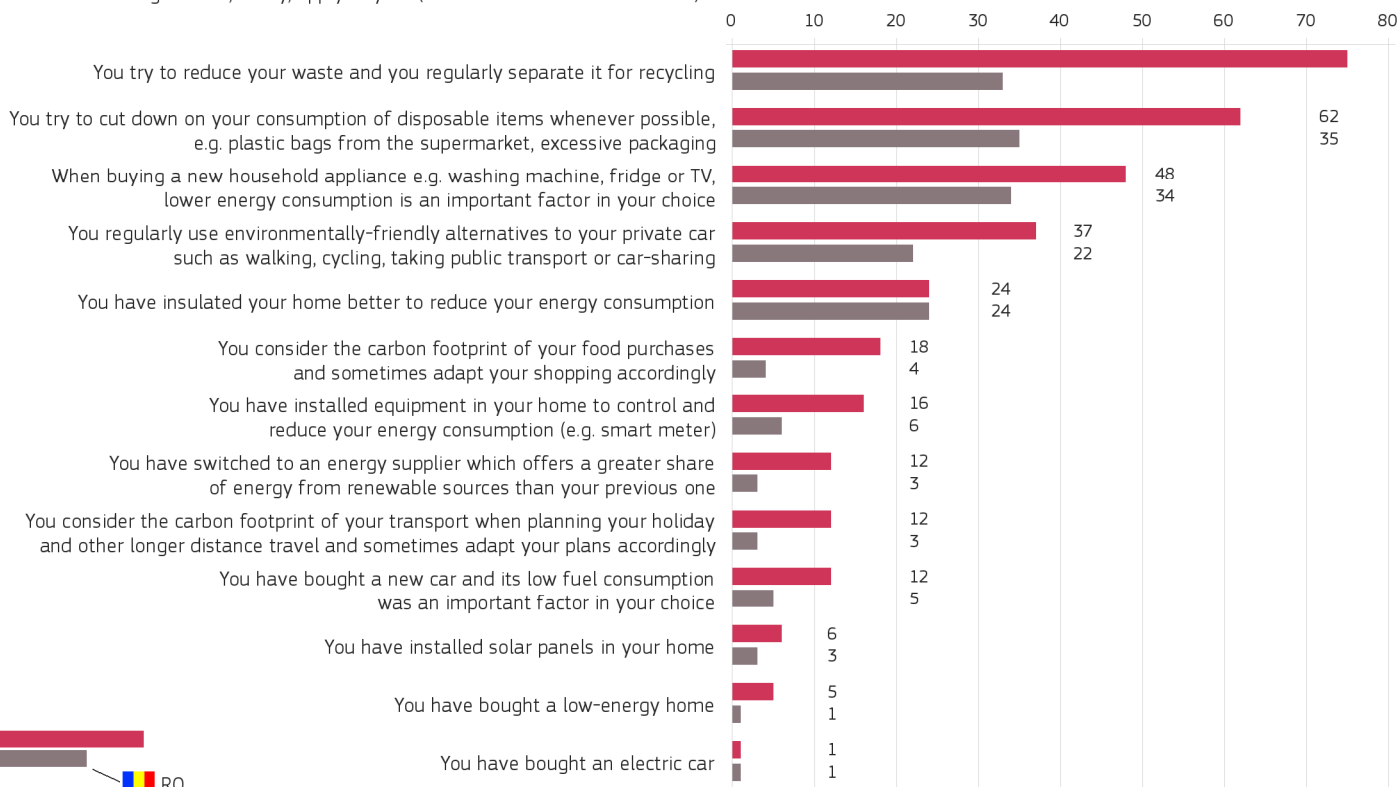
27.655 interviews
09 > 26 / 04 / 2019

1.053 interviews
09 > 22 / 04 / 2019

Methodology: face-to-face

5. TAKING ACTION ON CLIMATE CHANGE 2/2

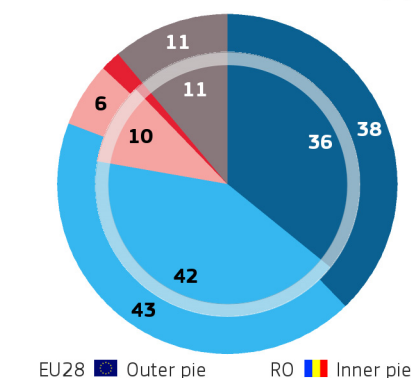
QB6 Which of the following actions, if any, apply to you? (MULTIPLE ANSWERS POSSIBLE)
(%)



6. ATTITUDES TO FIGHTING CLIMATE CHANGE

QB4.1 To what extent do you agree or disagree with each of the following statements?

Promoting EU expertise in new clean technologies to countries outside the EU can benefit the EU economically (%)

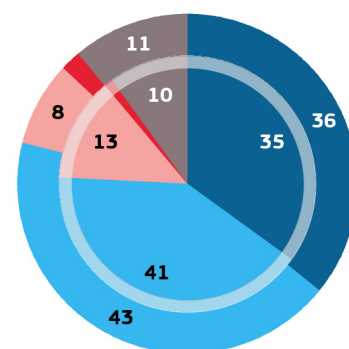


EU28 Outer pie RO Inner pie

	EU28		RO	
	2019	2019-2017	2019	2019-2017
Totally agree	38	+ 5	36	+ 8
Tend to agree	43	- 1	42	+ 2
Tend to disagree	6	- 1	10	- 5
Totally disagree	2	=	1	- 3
Don't know	11	- 3	11	- 2

QB4.3 To what extent do you agree or disagree with each of the following statements?

Taking action on climate change will lead to innovation that will make EU companies more competitive (%)



EU28 Outer pie RO Inner pie

27.655 interviews
09 > 26 / 04 / 2019

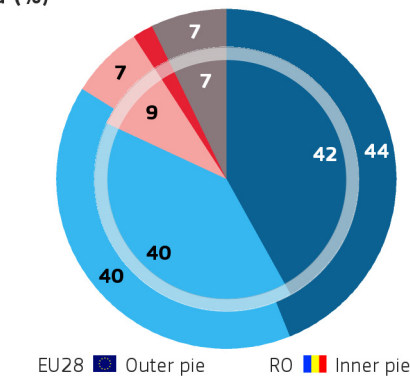
1.053 interviews
09 > 22 / 04 / 2019

Methodology: face-to-face

7. ATTITUDES TOWARDS TRANSITION TO CLEAN ENERGIES AND ADAPTING TO THE ADVERSE IMPACTS OF CLIMATE CHANGE

QB4.4 To what extent do you agree or disagree with each of the following statements?

More public financial support should be given to the transition to clean energies even if it means subsidies to fossil fuels should be reduced (%)



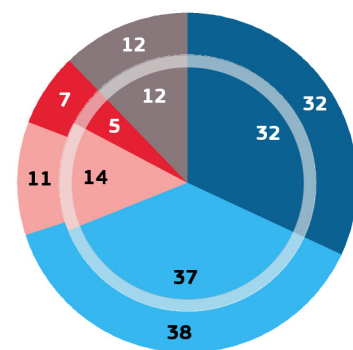
EU28 Outer pie RO Inner pie

EU28		RO	
2019	2019-2017	2019	2019-2017
44	+ 5	42	+ 9
40	=	40	+ 3
7	=	9	- 5
2	=	2	- 1
7	- 5	7	- 6

● Totally agree
 ● Tend to agree
 ● Tend to disagree
 ● Totally disagree
 ● Don't know

QB4.5 To what extent do you agree or disagree with each of the following statements?

Adapting to the adverse impacts of climate change can have positive outcomes for citizens in the EU (%)

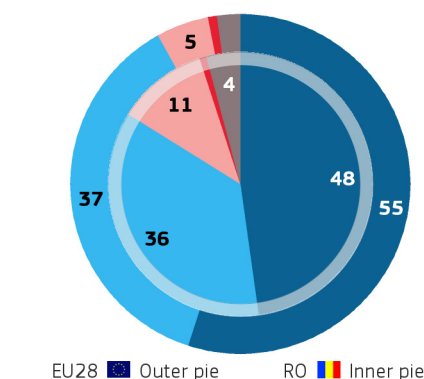


● Totally agree
 ● Tend to agree
 ● Tend to disagree
 ● Totally disagree
 ● Don't know

EU28 Outer pie RO Inner pie

8. LOOKING TO THE FUTURE

QB7 How important do you think it is that the (NATIONALITY) government sets ambitious targets to increase the amount of renewable energy used, such as wind or solar power, by 2030? (%)

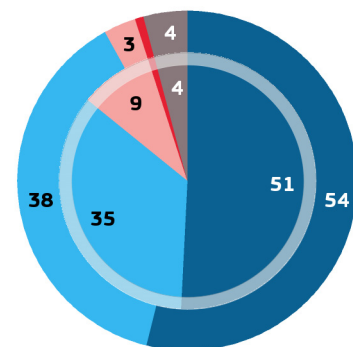


EU28 Outer pie RO Inner pie

EU28		RO	
2019	2019-2017	2019	2019-2017
55	+ 4	48	- 5
37	- 1	36	+ 7
5	=	11	=
1	- 1	1	- 2
2	- 2	4	=

● Very important
 ● Fairly important
 ● Not very important
 ● Not at all important
 ● Don't know

QB9 To what extent do you agree or disagree with the following statement: We should reduce greenhouse gas emissions to a minimum while offsetting the remaining emissions, for instance by increasing forested areas, to make the EU economy climate neutral by 2050. (%)



● Totally agree
 ● Tend to agree
 ● Tend to disagree
 ● Totally disagree
 ● Don't know

EU28 Outer pie RO Inner pie